Nebraska's Innovative Approach to Medication Reconciliation using the PDMP

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Objectives

- Discuss the opioid epidemic on a national and local level
- Understand the costs of hospital readmissions
- Describe the need and importance for medication reconciliation
- Review the enhancements to prescription drug monitoring program
- Understand how to access and use the Nebraska PDMP and medication history





Opioid Epidemic







Opioid Epidemic: Trump to Set Up Commission on Addiction Crisis





State officials launch campaign targeting opioid drug abuse

By Martha Stoddard / World-Herald Bureau Feb 14, 2017 (1)

DEA chief on opioids: "It scares the hell out of me"

We visit Kentucky, where some paramedics rush to as many as 25 drug overdoses in a single day

On MARCH 31, 12:02 PM / 177

State leaders hold opioid summit to prevent epidemic's spread to Nebraska

By Julie Anderson / World-Herald staff writer Oct 15, 2016 (1)



Trump declares opioid epidemic a national public health emergency





Opioid Epidemic

Nationally

 "Opioid abuse is a serious public health issue. Drug overdose deaths are the leading cause of injury death in the United States."

STATE ²	PERCENT OF MEMBERS WHO FILLED AT LEAST ONE OPIOID PRESCRIPTION IN 2015	PERCENT OF MEMBERS WHO WERE ON A LONG DURATION OPIOID REGIMEN IN 2015	OPIOID USE DISORDER DIAGNOSES IN 2016 (PER 1,000 MEMBERS)	PERCENT OF MEMBERS WITH OPIOID USE DISORDER WHO RECEIVED MEDICATION-ASSISTED TREATMENT IN 2016
National Average	21.4%	3.8%	8.3	37%
KS	19.0%	3.4%	4.2	38%
NE	17.8%	2.8%	2.4	56%
ND	17.5%	2.5%	3.8	45%
SD	15.8%	2.4%	3.0	27%

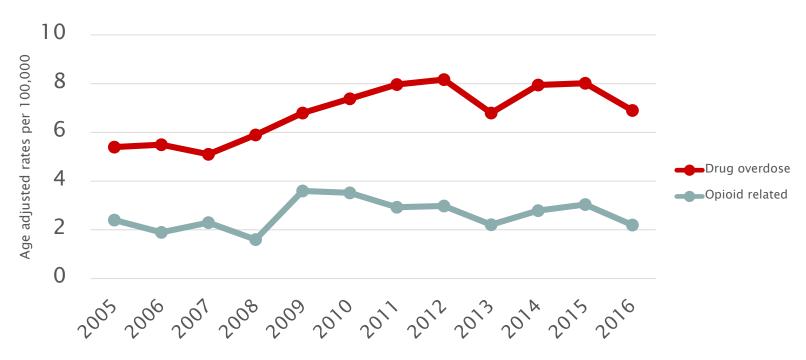
¹https://www.HHS.gov/opioids/about-the-epidemic

²America's Opioid Epidemic and its Effect on the Nation's Commercially-Insured Population. BCBS. June 29, 2017





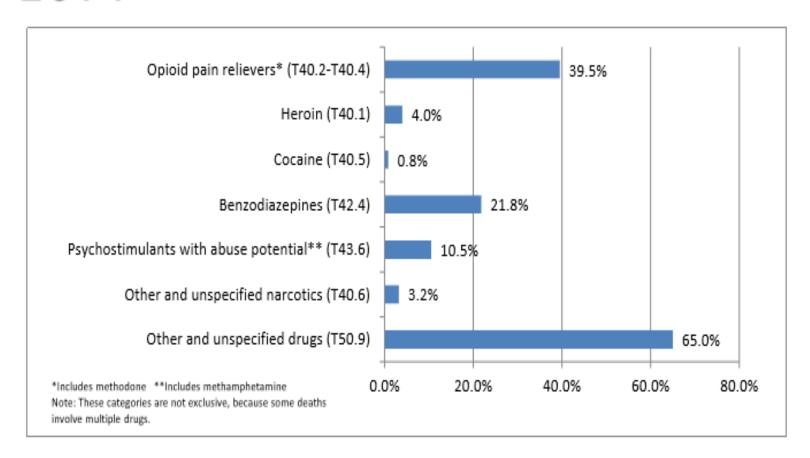
All Drug-related and Opioid-related Overdose Fatalities, Nebraska, 2005 - 2016



Data source: Nebraska Vital Records, 2005-2016



Opioids contributed to up to 40% of Drug Overdose Deaths in Nebraska, 2014







Combating the Opioid Epidemic

- Multi-faceted approach
- Prevention
 - Drug take-back
- Education
 - Schools
 - Pain Management Guidance Document
- Treatment/recovery
 - Naloxone
- Identification/monitoring
 - PDMP





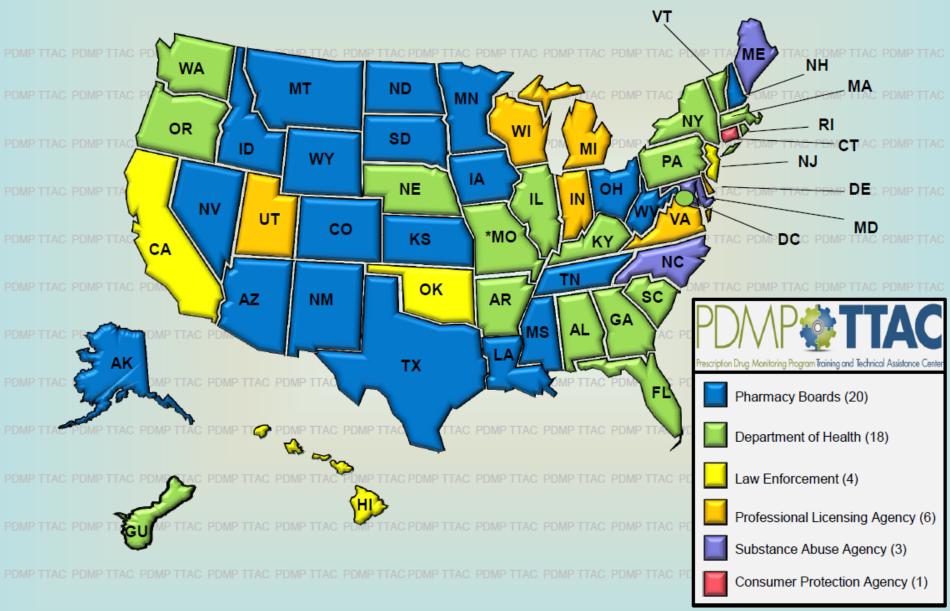
PDMP

- A prescription drug monitoring program (PDMP) is an electronic database that tracks controlled substance prescriptions in a state. PDMPs can provide health authorities timely information about prescribing and patient behaviors that contribute to the epidemic and facilitate a nimble and targeted response.¹
- Tool to allow healthcare professionals to make better informed decisions relating to the treatment and safety of the patient

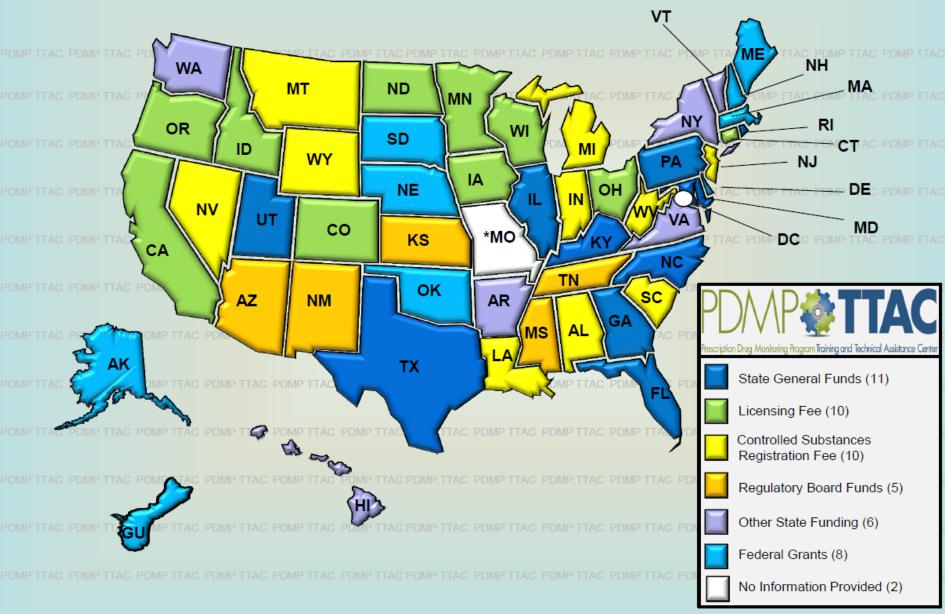




PDMP By Operating State Agency Type



PDMPs Major Source of Funding

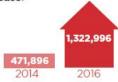




America's physicians and health care professionals are using state PDMPs more than ever

Physicians' and other health care professionals' registrations with state-based prescription drug monitoring programs (PDMPs) grew from 471,896 in 2014 to 1,322,996 in 2016—marking a 180 percent increase ²

Physicians and other health care professionals used state PDMPs more than 136.1 million times in 2016—a 121 percent increase from 2014.³





- 1. Xponent, QuintilesIMS, Danbury, CT Copyright 2017
- 2. Based on AMA survey and responses from 45 state PDMP administrators. Figures will be adjusted as new information becomes available.
- 3. Based on AMA survey and responses from 44 state PDMP administrators. Figures will be adjusted as new information becomes available.

AMERICAN MEDICAL ASSOCIATION OPIOID TASK FORCE

Physicians' progress to reverse the nation's opioid epidemic. AMA





History of the Nebraska PDMP

- ▶ LB 237 (2011) Creation of a PDMP
 - Prevent misuse of prescription drugs in an efficient and cost-effective manner
 - Allow doctors and pharmacists to monitor the care and treatment of patients for whom a prescription drug is prescribed to ensure that prescription drugs are used for medically appropriate purposes
 - Identified Nebraska DHHS and NeHII as collaborative partners to administer PDMP
 - Prohibit use of state funding to implement or operate the PDMP
 - Neb. Rev. Stat. §§ 71-2454, 71-2455, 71-2456
 - ▶ LB 1072 (2014)
 - Prevent misuse of controlled substances
 - Repealed the no funding stipulation



History of the Nebraska PDMP

- **2015**
 - Stakeholder meetings
 - Awarded two grants
 - Bureau of Justice Assistance Harold Rogers PDMP Grant
 - \$250,000/year x 2 years
 - CDC Prescription Drug Overdose Prevention for States
 - \$771,000/year x 4 years





History of the Nebraska PDMP

- ▶ LB 471 (2016) –Enhancements of a PDMP
 - Report all dispensed controlled substance prescriptions by January 1, 2017
 - Prevents opting out
 - Allow prescribers and dispensers to access the system at no cost
 - Report ALL dispensed prescriptions by January 1, 2018
 - ▶ LB 223 (2017) Updates to 2016 Legislation
 - Allows for a designee of a prescriber or dispenser under the Uniform Credentialing Act
 - Mandatory PDMP training to grant access
 - Veterinarians to report dispensed controlled substance prescriptions beginning July 1, 2018



Purpose of Nebraska PDMP

- Prevent the misuse of controlled substances that are prescribed
- The State of Nebraska remains on the cutting edge of medical information technology
- Allow prescribers and dispensers (doctors and pharmacists) to monitor the care and treatment of patients for whom such a prescription drug is prescribed to ensure that such prescription drugs are used for medically appropriate purposes





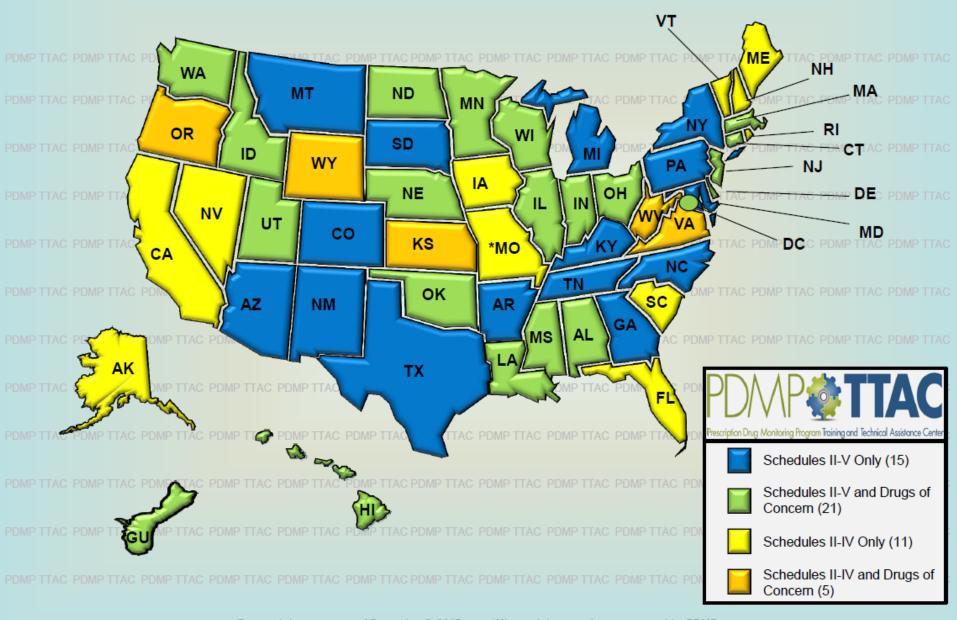
Drugs Reported to PDMP

- Controlled substances
 - Opioids
 - · Oxycodone, hydrocodone, morphine, codeine
 - Benzodiazepines
 - · Alprazolam, lorazepam, clonazepam
 - Stimulants
 - Methylphenidate, dextroamphetamine
- "Drugs of Concern"
 - Tramadol (prior to being scheduled)
 - Carisoprodol
 - Gabapentin
 - Naloxone





Drugs Monitored by PDMP



Nebraska's Innovative Approach

- All prescription drugs can be drugs of concern
 - Drug interactions, allergies
- PDMP prior to 2017 contained gaps
- Users accustomed to seeing the entire med history, not just opioids, controlled substances





Nebraska's Innovative Approach

- First state to operate PDMP through HIE platform
- First state to mandate reporting of all dispensed prescription drugs
- Focus on Patient safety vs. law enforcement access





What We Have Seen So Far

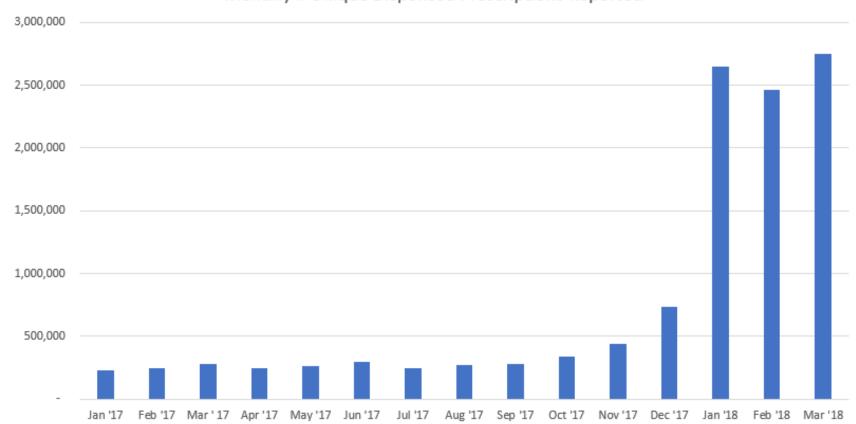
- January 1 December 31, 2017
 - 3,882,974 prescription records
- January 1 March 31, 2018
 - 7,864,609 prescription records
 - 7,076,641 dispensed non-controlled substances
- 2017 Average 10,638 Rx/day
- 2018 Average 87,384 Rx/day
- Enrolled users of the PDMP (as of 2/28/18)
 - 4,325prescribers (MD, APRN, DDS, DVM, PA)
 - 23.9% of Nebraska licensed prescribers
 - 1,719 dispensers (i.e., pharmacists)
 - 32.8% of Nebraska licensed pharmacists
 - 248 designees (e.g., nurses, pharmacy technicians, pharmacist interns, etc.)





Nebraska PDMP Reported Data January 2017 - March 2018

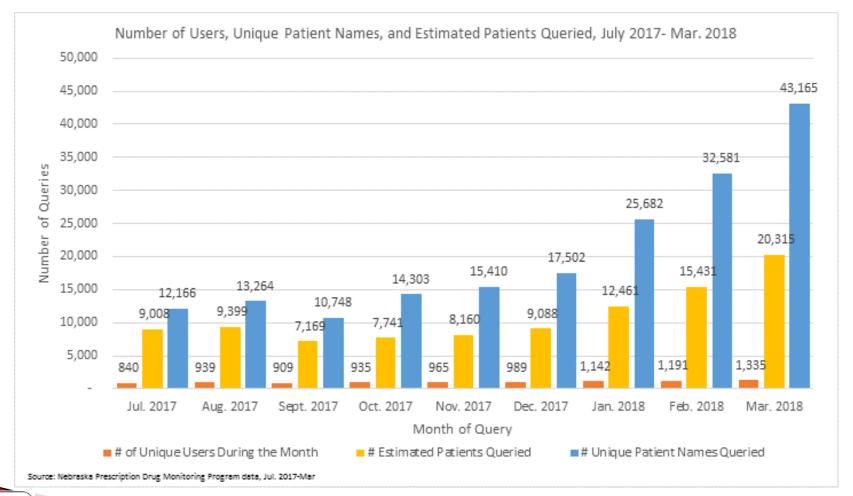
Monthly # Unique Dispensed Prescriptions Reported







Users and Patients Queried July 2017 - March 2018







Opportunities for PDMPs

- Accuracy and completeness
 - Data is only as good as what is entered by the pharmacy
 - Timely reporting
 - Patient search
- Monitoring tools
 - Morphine Milligram Equivalency (MME) alerts or dashboard tiles
 - Multiple provider episodes (e.g., 5/5/6) alert
 - Risk score alerts





Opportunities for PDMPs

- Easy access
 - Workflow integration
 - Interoperability
 - Workflow integration
 - Directly access through health information exchange, electronic health record or pharmacy software
 - Single Sign-On (SSO)
 - Interstate data sharing
 - Available in many states
 - NE is exploring this





Reporting all dispensed prescriptions

- Required reporting as of January 1, 2018
- Comprehensive medication history
 - 10 x more data than traditional PDMP's that include controlled substances only
- Patient safety tool
- Allows clinicians to make better informed decisions
- Identify medications from multiple prescribers and pharmacies
- Identify potential drug interactions, allergies
- Provides a valuable resource in the event of natural disasters, system power interruptions
- Tool for medication reconciliation





Protection of Information

- Neb. Rev. Stat. §71-2454 (5)(a) All prescription drug information submitted pursuant to this section, all data contained in the prescription drug monitoring system, and any report obtained from data contained in the prescription drug monitoring system are confidential, are privileged, are not public records, and may be withheld pursuant to section 84-712.05.
- ▶ (b) No patient-identifying data as defined in section 81-664, including the data collected under subsection (3) of this section, shall be disclosed, made public, or released to any public or private person or entity except to the statewide health information exchange described in section 71-2455 and its participants and to prescribers and dispensers as provided in subsection (2) of this section.
- Neb. Rev. Stat. §84–712.05 The following records, unless publicly disclosed in an open court, open administrative proceeding, or open meeting or disclosed by a public entity pursuant to its duties, may be withheld from the public by the lawful custodian of the records: (19) All prescription drug information submitted pursuant to section 71–2454, all data contained in the prescription drug monitoring system, and any report obtained from data contained in the prescription drug monitoring system.





Nebraska **Prescription Drug Monitoring Program**Registration Process

Step:

Complete the **PDMP** Training

OCated at: *Training is mandatory to gain access to PDMP

Prescribers

http://dhhs.ne.gov/publichealth/PDMP/Pages/Physician Education.aspx

Dispensers:

http://dhhs.ne.gov/publichealth/PDMP/Pages/DispenserEducation.asp.

Step:

Complete the **PDMP** User Access Request Form located at: www.dhhs.ne.gov/pdmp

www.anns.ne.gov/pamp

Designees must be designated by prescriber or dispenser.

Step:

Complete the **PDMP** Registration

Once you successfully complete the user access request form and training requirement instructions on setting up your username and password for the PDMP will be emailed directly to you.

*Check email spam/junk: noreply_provisioning@optum.com

If you have questions about the Nebraska **PDMP** registration process please contact **DHHS.PDMP@Nebraska.gov**.

NEBRASKA

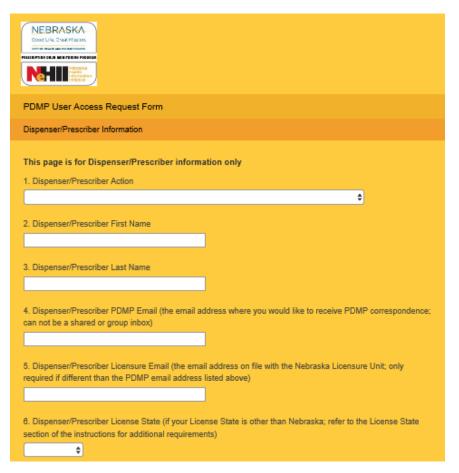
Good Life, Great Mission

DOWN OF HEALTH AND RUNNING STREET





PDMP User Access Request Form



7. Dispenser/Prescriber Professional State License Number
8. Dispenser/Prescriber Professional State License Type
9. Dispenser/Prescriber Last four digits of SSN*
"This field is optional and is used to welly your condential issued by the Nebruska DHHS OPH Licensure List upder the Uniform Credenissing Act to welly eligibility for access to the Nebruska POBP under Neb. Roy. Stat. §71-3454.
10. Dispenser/Prescriber Place of Birth
11. Dispenser/Prescriber Facility Information
Office Manager Name
Facility Name
Office Manager Email
Office Manager Phone Number
12. Are you authorizing any designees?
○ Yes
○ No
Next





Training

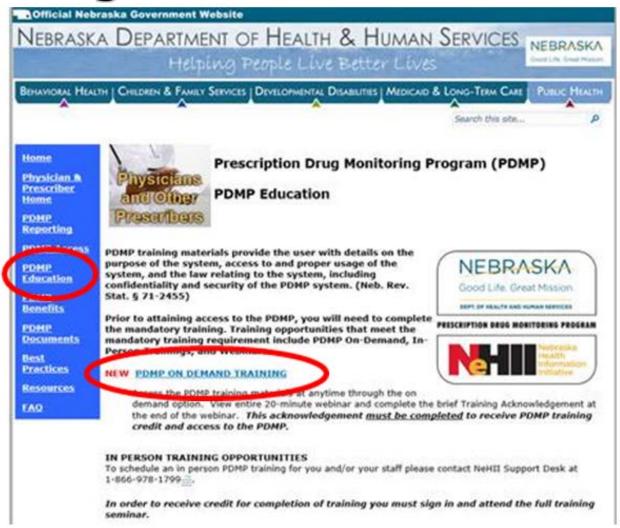
NEBRASKA Good Life, Great Mission

http://dhhs.ne.gov/PDMP





Training





NEBRASKA



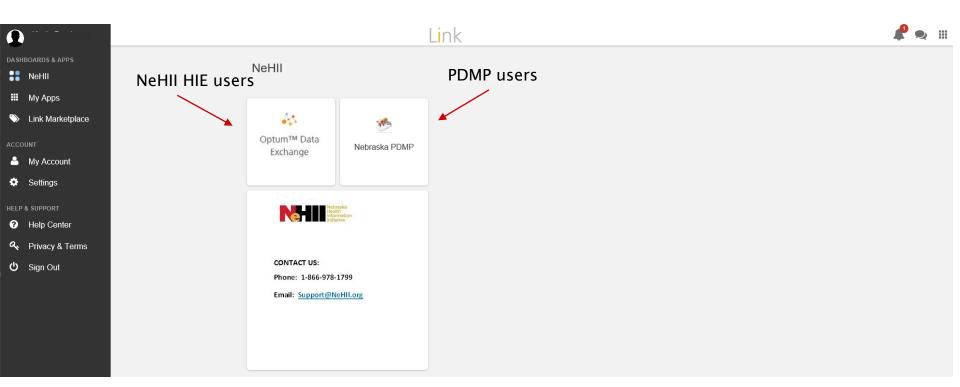
Once You're Registered

- Access PDMP through:
 - https://healthid.optum.com
 - www.nehii.org
 - www.dhhs.ne.gov/PDMP





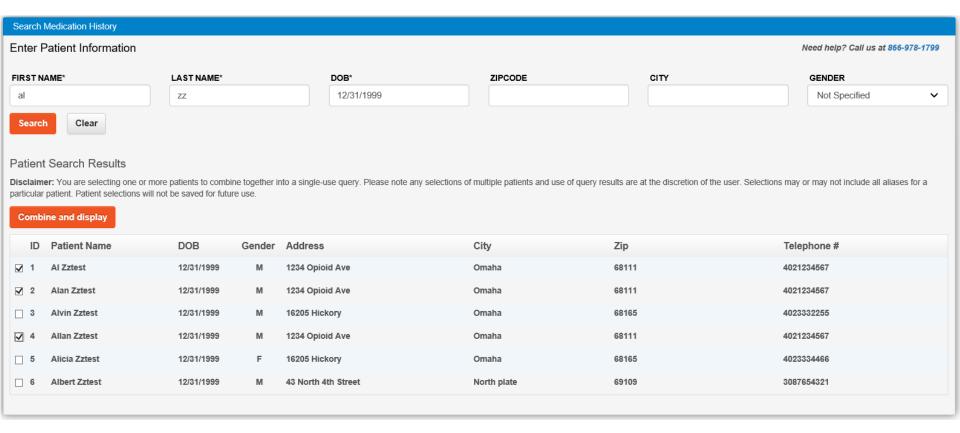
Optum Link Dashboard







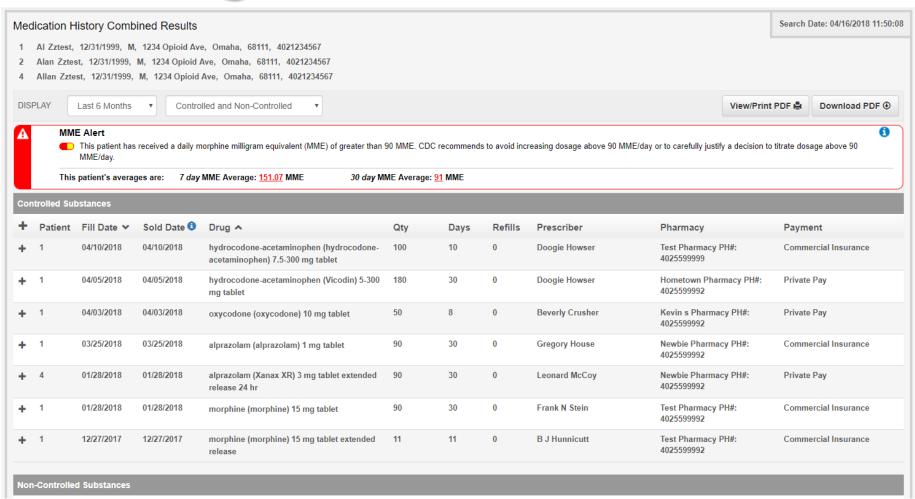
Viewing Patient Profiles







Viewing Patient Profiles







Viewing Patient Reports

DISF	PLAY	Last 6 Months	▼ Contro	lled and Non-Controlled ▼					\	/iew/Print PDF 🖨	Download PDF @
on	trolled Sub	stances									
+	Patient	Fill Date 11	Sold Date 1	Drug ↓↑	Qty	Days	Refills	Prescriber	Pharmacy	Paym	ent
-	4	03/05/2018	03/05/2018	hydrocodone-acetaminophen (hydrocodone-acetaminophen) 7.5-300 mg tablet	120	15	0	Leonard McCoy	Test Pharmacy PH#: 4025599999	Comme	ercial Insurance
	4	02/05/2018	02/05/2018	hydrocodone-acetaminophen (hydrocodone-acetaminophen) 7.5-300 mg tablet	120	15	0	S.T. MDTest	Test Pharmacy PH#: 4025599999	Comme	ercial Insurance
	2	01/29/2018	01/29/2018	hydrocodone-acetaminophen (hydrocodone-acetaminophen) 7.5-300 mg tablet	20	5	0	Doogie Howser	Big Box Pharmacy P 4025599992	H#: Comme	ercial Insurance
	4	01/27/2018	01/27/2018	hydrocodone-acetaminophen (hydrocodone-acetaminophen) 7.5-300 mg tablet	150	10	0	Wrong T Bones	Helpful Pharmacy Ph 4025599992	H#: Comme	ercial Insurance
-	2	02/23/2018	02/23/2018	oxycodone (oxycodone) 10 mg tablet	150	20	0	Doogie Howser	Test Pharmacy PH#: 4025599992	Comme	ercial Insurance
	2	01/23/2018	01/23/2018	oxycodone (oxycodone) 10 mg tablet	150	20	0	Frank N Stein	Test Pharmacy PH#: 4025599992	Comme	ercial Insurance
Non	-Controlled	d Substances									
+	Patient	Fill Date 11	Sold Date 1	Drug ↓↑	Qty	Days	Refills	Prescriber	Pharmacy	Paym	ent
١	2	03/05/2018	03/05/2018	amlodipine (Norvasc) 5 mg tablet	30	30	0	Beverly Crusher	Big Box Pharmacy P 4025599999	Big Box Pharmacy PH#: Private Pay 4025599999	
÷	2	03/03/2018	03/03/2018	esomeprazole magnesium (Nexium) 40 mg capsule,delayed release(DR/EC)	30	30	0	Gregory House	Test Pharmacy PH#: 4025599999	*	
ŀ	2	03/03/2018	03/03/2018	simvastatin (simvastatin) 40 mg tablet	60	30	6	Beverly Crusher	Test Pharmacy PH#: 4025599999	Test Pharmacy PH#: Commercial Insurance 4025599999	
٠	2	03/02/2018	03/02/2018	bumetanide (bumetanide) 1 mg tablet	30	30	0	Gregory House	Newbie Pharmacy P 4025599992	H#: Comme	ercial Insurance
	2	02/18/2018	02/18/2018	ciprofloxacin HCl (ciprofloxacin HCl) 500 mg	10	10	0	Gregory House	Big Box Pharmacy P 4025599999	H#: Comme	ercial Insurance





Viewing Patient Profiles

	Substance		Con	ntrolled and Non-Controlled						
+	Patient	Fill Date 🕶	Sold	ntrolled Only	Qty	Days	Refills	Prescriber	Pharmacy	Payment
+	4	02/10/2018	02/10 AI	tablet	90	30	0	Gregory House	Newbie Pharmacy PH#: 4025599992	Commercial Insurance
+	4	02/07/2018	02/07/2018	oxycodone (oxycodone) 10 mg tablet	50	20	0	Beverly Crusher	Kevin s Pharmacy PH#: 4025599992	Commercial Insurance
+	1	02/06/2018	02/06/2018	hydrocodone-acetaminophen (hydrocodone- acetaminophen) 7.5-300 mg tablet	100	10	0	Frank N Stein	Newbie Pharmacy PH#: 4025599992	Commercial Insurance
	4	01/08/2018	01/08/2018	hydrocodone-acetaminophen (Vicodin) 5-300 mg tablet	100	20	.0	Wrong T. Bones	Hometown Pharmacy PH#: 4025599992	Commercial Insurance
+	1	12/05/2017	12/05/2017	esomeprazole magnesium (Nexium) 40 mg capsule,delayed release(DR/EC)	30	30	0	S.T. MDTest	Test Pharmacy PH#: 4025599999	Commercial Insurance
+	1	12/05/2017	12/05/2017	simvastatin (simvastatin) 40 mg tablet	30	30	0	S.T. Rong-Bones	zzTest Pharmacy PH#: 4025599999	Commercial Insurance
	1	12/02/2017	12/02/2017	ciprofloxacin HCI (ciprofloxacin HCI) 500 mg tablet	10	10	0	S.T. Testmd	zzTest Pharmacy PH#: 4025599999	Commercial Insurance
	1	12/02/2017	12/02/2017	clopidogrel (Plavix) 75 mg tablet	30	30	0	S.T. Testmd	zzTest Pharmacy PH#: 4025599999	Commercial Insurance
+	1	12/01/2017	12/01/2017	amlodipine (Norvasc) 5 mg tablet	30	30	0	S.T. Testmd	zzTest Pharmacy PH#: 4025599999	Private Pay
	1	11/29/2017	11/29/2017	omeprazole (omeprazole) 20 mg tablet, delayed release (DR/EC)	30	30	0	S.T. Testmd	zzTest Pharmacy PH#: 4025599999	Commercial Insurance
	1	11/25/2017	11/25/2017	warfarin (warfarin) 5 mg tablet	10	5	0	Leonard McCoy	zzMail Order Pharmacy PH#: 7025591234	Commercial Insurance
	1	11/02/2017	11/02/2017	enalapril maleate (enalapril maleate) 10 mg	30	30	0	S.T. Testmd	zzTest Pharmacy PH#:	Commercial Insurance





Drug Safety Advisory Group Prioritized Enhancements

- Drug Safety Advisory Group
 - Collaborative efforts between Nebraska DHHS and NeHII
 - Physicians, pharmacists, other key stakeholders
- Improved prescribing practices
- Prioritized Functionalities by Stakeholders
 - Morphine Milligram Equivalency (MME) Alert Live 11/2017
 - Multiple Provider Episodes (5–5–6 rule) Alert
 - Overlapping Medication Alert
 - Concomitant use of opioids + benzodiazepines
 - Enhanced Patient Search
 - Risk Score Alert
 - GIS Mapping





Admissions/Readmissions/ Transitions of Care

- Hospital
- ▶ SNF/LTC
- Ambulatory surgical center
- Ambulatory clinic





Workflow Integration

- Integration/Interoperability within HIE
 - H&P
 - Lab values
 - Clinic/progress notes
 - Discharge summary
 - Medication History





Current Methods to Obtain Medication History

- Only as accurate as the history obtained
- Time-consuming
- Distractions
- Patient
- Family/caregiver
- Patient/family to bring in all medication bottles
- Call pharmacies
- Review EHR





Medication Reconciliation

Medication reconciliation is the process of creating the most accurate list possible of all medications a patient is taking — including drug name, dosage, frequency, and route and comparing that list against the physician's admission, transfer, and/or discharge orders, with the goal of providing correct medications to the patient at all transition points within the hospital



Medication Reconciliation

Med WRECK





Importance of Medication Reconciliation

- Medicare hospital readmissions (2003–2004)¹
 - 19.6% within 30 days
 - 34.0% within 90 days
 - Longer rehospitalization length of stay
 - Estimated cost of Medicare unplanned rehospitalizations in 2004 \$17.4 billion

Readmissions

- 18.3-24.8% for HF, AMI, Pneumonia²
- 13.1-17.8%³
- 23% suffered adverse event post-discharge⁴
 - 12% considered avoidable
 - 72% adverse drug events
- **\$\$\$**
 - Medicare Reimbursement/HRRP
 - 2,597 hospitals penalized in FY 2017⁵
 - \$528 million
 - 0.73% average penalty
 - 3% max penalty

- 1. Jencks SF, Williams MV, Coleman EA. Rehospitalizations among patients in the Medicare fee-for-service program. N Engl J Med. 2009;360(14):1418-1428.
- 2. Dharmarajan K, Hsieh AF, Lin Z, Bueno H, Ross JS, Horwitz LI, Barreto-Filho JA, Kim N, Bernheim SM, Suter LG, Drye EE, Krumholz HM. Diagnoses and Timing of 30-Day Readmissions After Hospitalization for Heart Failure, Acute Myocardial Infarction, or Pneumonia. *JAMA*. 2013;309(4):355-363.
- 3. Zuckerman RB, Sheingold SH et al. NEJM 2016; 374:1543-1551
- 4. Forster AJ, Clark HD, Menard A et al. Adverse events among medication patients after discharge from hospital. Can Med Assoc J. 2004; 170(3):345–349.
- 5. Kaiser Health News, 8/2/2016





Importance of Medication Reconciliation

- TJC 2005 National Patient Safety Goal #8
 - "accurately and completely reconcile medications across the continuum of care."
- National Patient Safety Goal #3 (July, 2011)
 - 03.06.01Obtain information on the medications the patient is currently taking when he or she is admitted to the hospital or is seen in an outpatient setting. This information is documented in a list or other format that is useful to those who manage medications. (Effective 1/1/15)





Importance of Medication Reconciliation

- Adverse Drug Events
- Strategies for effective medication reconciliation¹
 - Coordinated communication that includes standardized medication lists, medication administration programs (MAP), interventions, and referrals;
 - A foundation of automation and technology to close the communication gap between health care professionals





Importance of Medication Reconciliation¹

- Studies demonstrate that electronic health record medication lists often contain errors or omissions
- Medication reconciliation verifying the list of medications that a patient takes - is difficult, and increasingly so, due to multiple factors
- The success of prescription drug monitoring programs at reducing erroneous opiate prescriptions offers hope that such a program would work for all medications





Nebraska is #1

- First to integrate PDMP in HIE
- First to collect all dispensed prescription drugs in PDMP





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