


Population Health Management

HIMSS 2014

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Disclosure



- Paul Mulhausen and Brian Barry are employed by Telligen.

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Session Objectives



- You will be able to define population health management (PHM) and population medicine.
- You will recognize the opportunity to use PHM solutions to achieve better care, healthier populations, and lower costs.
- You will understand the keys to a successful IT implementation of a PHM solution.
- You will apply population health management models and the chronic disease pyramid to chronic disease prevention and management.

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Iconic Image of Western Medicine



The Doctor 1849, Luke Fildes

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Iconic Image for Population Health Management



John Snow Breaks the Handle on the Broad Street Pump, 1854

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What is Population Health Management?




Is it...


- The relative investment into healthcare services vs. social services to support health ?
- The management of resources in a population of patients in a capitation payment arrangement health plan ?
- The management of healthcare resources for a geographic population served by a healthcare system ?
- The coordination of care for a panel of patients cared for by a clinical service or healthcare system ?
- Employee Wellness Programs ?

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What is Population Health Management? 

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- The coordination of care for a panel of patients cared for by a clinical service or healthcare system ?
- Employee Wellness Programs managing demand ?

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Population Health 


Population Health is a concept of health defined as *“the health outcomes of a group of individuals, including the distribution of such outcomes within the group”*.

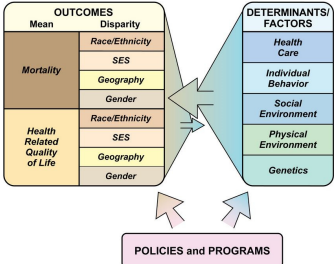
Example Populations

- Geographic regions
- Nations
- Communities
- Employees
- Ethnic Groups
- Health Plan Members


Kindig and Stoddart. Am J Pub Health 2003; 93(3):380-383

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The Elements of Population Health 



Kindig and Stoddart. Am J Pub Health 2003; 93(3):380-383

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What is Population Health Management ?

OUTCOMES		DETERMINANTS/FACTORS
Mean	Disparity	
Mortality	Race/Ethnicity	Health Care
	SES	Individual Behavior
	Geography	Social Environment
	Gender	Physical Environment
Health Related Quality of Life	Race/Ethnicity	Genetics
	SES	
	Geography	
	Gender	

POLICIES and PROGRAMS

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Defining Population Health Management

Improving the systems and policies that affect health care quality, access, and outcomes, ultimately improving the health of an entire population.


Editorial Board of the Journal *Population Health Management*

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Population Health Management Confusing Terminology

- Population Health Management
- Population Management
- Population Medicine
- Empanelment
- Panel Management
- Public Health


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Population Medicine 

“The specific activities of the *medical care system* that, by themselves or in collaboration with partners, promote population health beyond the goals of care of the individuals treated.”

Harvard Pilgrim Department of Population Medicine


<http://www.improvingpopulationhealth.org/blog/2012/06/is-population-medicine-population-health.html>

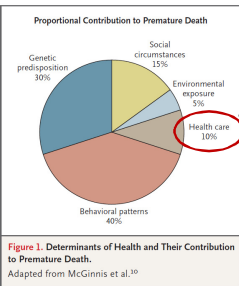
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The Rationale for Population Health
The US HHS National Quality Strategy 

- **Better Care:** Improve the overall quality by making health care more patient-centered, reliable, accessible, and safe
- **Healthy People/Healthy Communities:** Improve the health of the U.S. population by supporting proven interventions to address behavioral, social, and environmental determinants of health in addition to delivering higher-quality care
- **Affordable Care:** Reduce the cost of quality health care for individuals, families, employers, and government.


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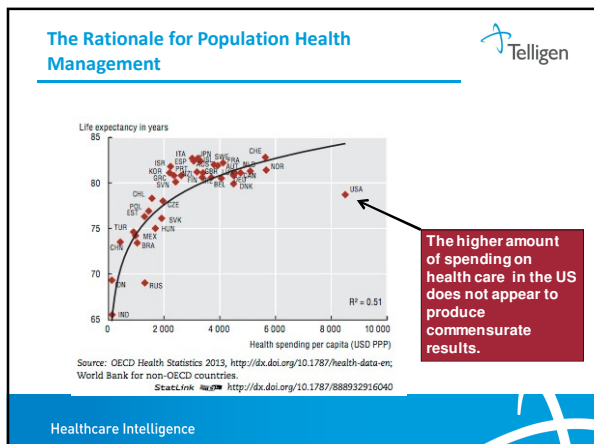
The Rationale for Population Health Management 

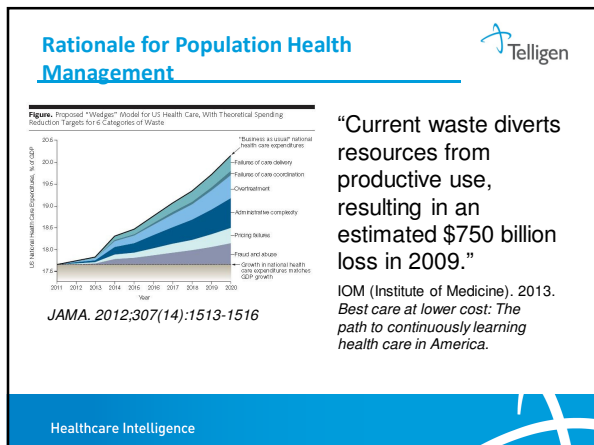


Where we spend most of our national expenditures on

Figure 1. Determinants of Health and Their Contribution to Premature Death.
Adapted from McGinnis et al.¹⁰

Healthcare Intelligence <http://www.pgm.org/doi/pdf/10.1056/NEJMa073350> 


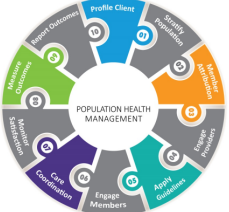




Rationale for Population Health Management in Healthcare

- Complements the medical provider role as a consultant.
- Improves coordination of care in a system of complex care.
- Enhances recognition and closure of care gaps.
- Opportunity to intervene at root causes.


Population Health Management
Ten Steps of PHM

1. Profile Client	Define Population
2. Stratify Population	
3. Member Attribution	
4. Engage Providers	
5. Apply Guidelines	Gaps in Determinants
6. Engage Members	
7. Care Coordination	Apply Policy
8. Member Satisfaction	
9. Measure Outcomes	Monitor Outcome
10. Report Outcomes	

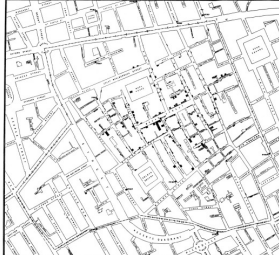
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Population Health Management
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9. Report Outcomes	
10. Profile Client	

Population Health Management
Hot Spotting – What’s Old is New



<https://youtu.be/id06Y-P58UE>



Population Health Management Disabling the Broad Street Pump



Steps in PHM	Ending the Broad Street Cholera Epidemic
1. Define the Population	People living in the Soho District of London
2. Stratify or characterize the population	Those with cholera and those without cholera, and where they live
3. Identify gaps in determinants	Water from Broad Street Pump
4. Apply policy or procedure to close the gaps in determinants	Remove the Broad Street Pump Handle
5. Monitor the outcome	Cholera epidemic stops

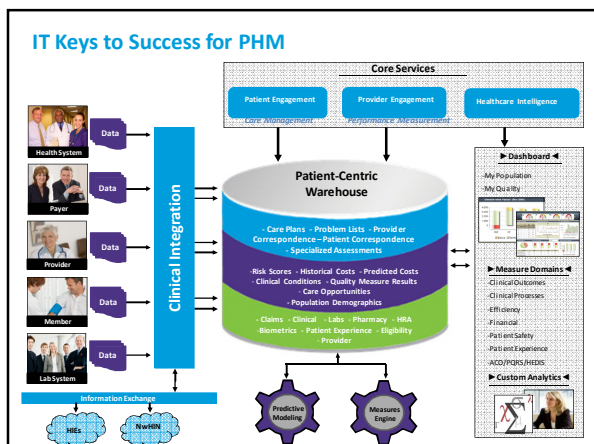
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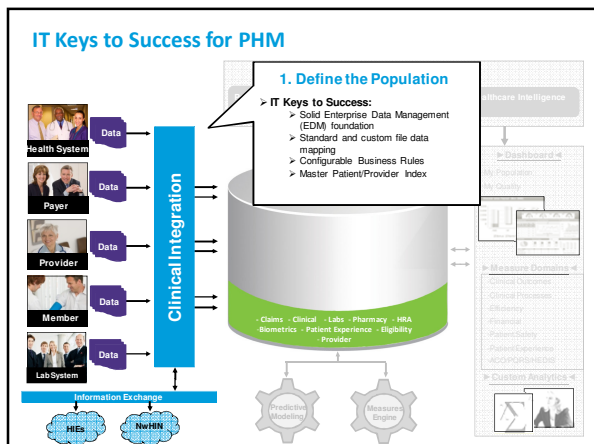
Population Health Management What's Different Now?

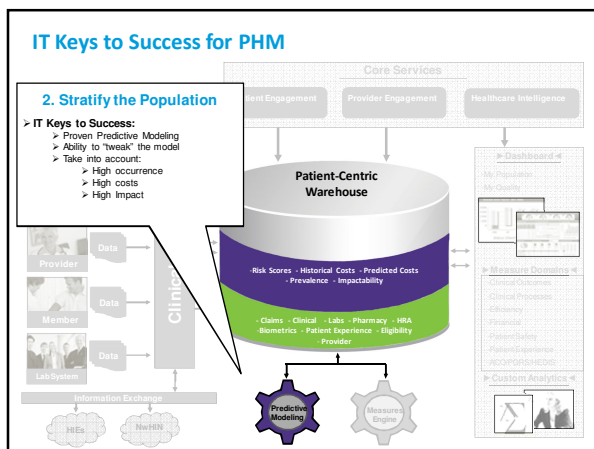



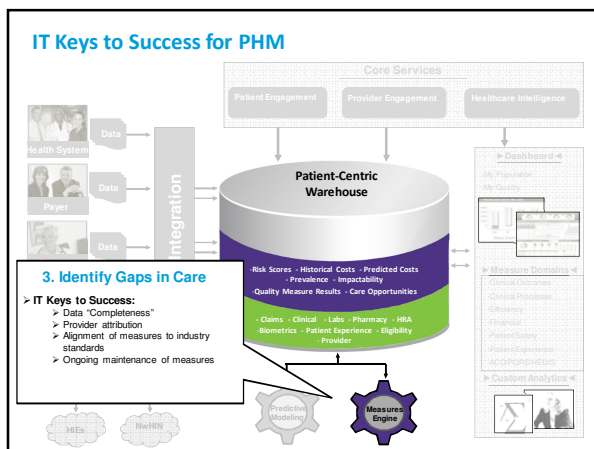
- Costly Disease Treatments
- Chronic Disease
- Aging Populations
- Complex Healthcare Settings
- Capacity to access and analyze information

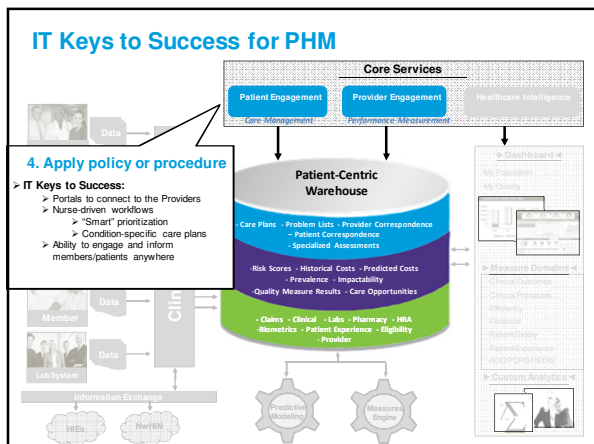
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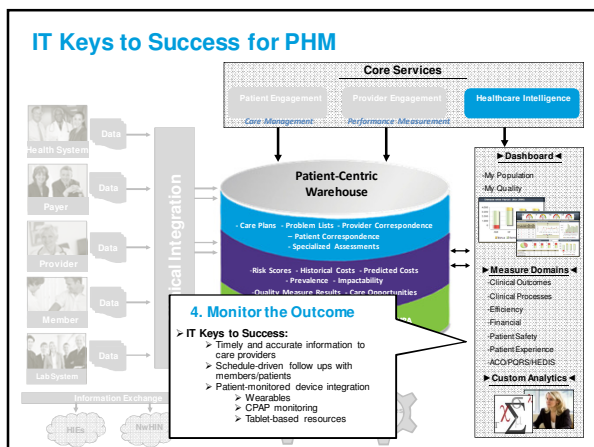


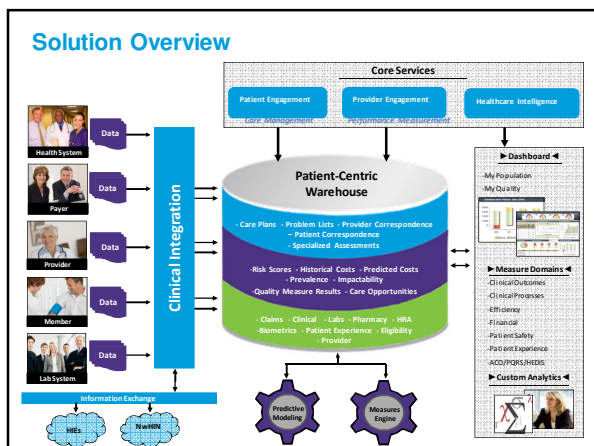















Telligen "Future State" of PHM 

- Automated alerts
 - Member: email, text messages, apps
 - Provider: care gaps, performance scores, CDS (integration with EHRs)
- Device integration
 - Mobile: disease, nutrition, socio-economics, gamification
 - Monitoring devices: pedometers, glucometers, scales, CPAP
 - Bi-directional Data integration: HIE, EHR, Public reporting
- Automated Intelligence/Natural Language Processing
 - Big Data; tap the value of unstructured data
- Financial/Actuarial modeling
- Social Networking
 - Care Team, Member self-management, chat rooms

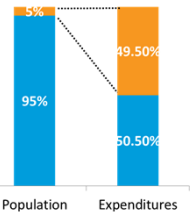
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Chronic disease and concentration of healthcare spending 

COSTS OF CHRONIC DISEASE


SPENDING INCREASED ASSESSMENT: **\$3 OF EVERY \$4** SPENT ON CHRONIC DISEASE. **\$7,900** PER PATIENT PER YEAR.


25% OF ALL HEALTHCARE SPENDING IS SPENT ON CHRONIC DISEASE.



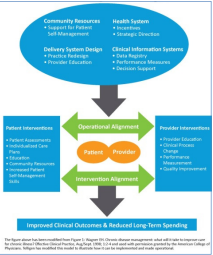
Population: 95% | Expenditures: 49.50%

75% of healthcare dollars are spent on chronic disease, and 50% of all healthcare spending is spent on 5% of the population

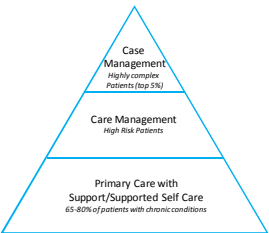
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Population Health Models Addressing Chronic Disease 


The Chronic Care Model




Pyramid of Care



Adapted from Norris E, McTigue M. Caring for people with chronic conditions. A health system perspective. McGraw Hill.

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Chronic Disease and PHM
A Case Study – SoonerCare HMP



Steps in PHM	High Risk Care Management
1. Define the Population	SoonerCare Members with Common Chronic Disease
2. Stratify or characterize the population	Regression models to predict risk of utilization and expenditures: Tier 1. Highest Predicted Risk Tier 2. Next Highest Predicted Risk
3. Identify gaps in determinants	Care manager assessment Clinical registry of claims and quality measures

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Cerebrovascular Disease and PHM
A Case Study – SoonerCare HMP

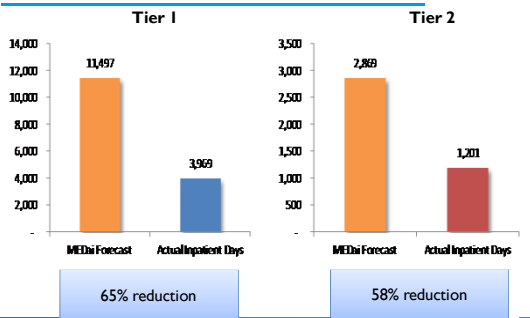


Steps in PHM	High Risk Care Management
4. Apply policy or procedure to close the gaps in determinants	Health coaching Self-management support Outreach for treatment and prevention Care Coordination Coordination of social services
5. Monitor the outcome	Closure in Care Gaps/ Rates of Hospitalization/Costs

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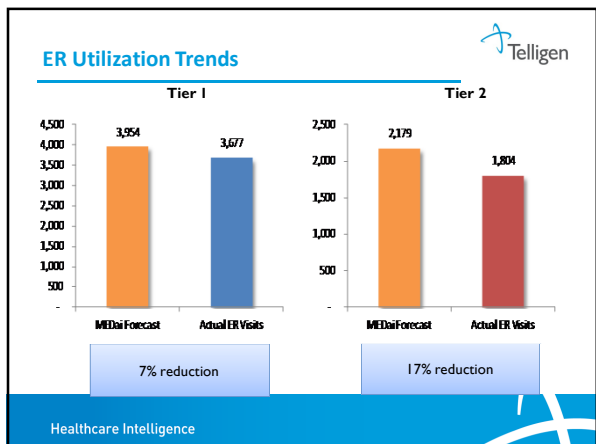
Inpatient Utilization Trends

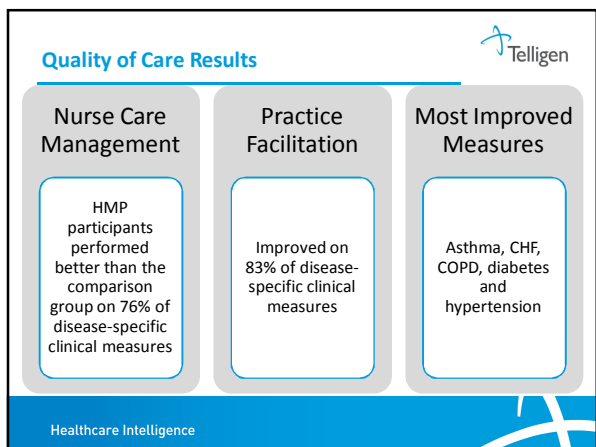


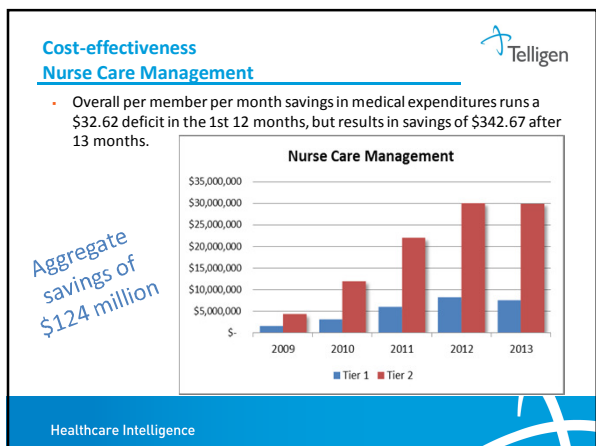


Tier	MEDi Forecast	Actual Inpatient Days	Reduction
Tier 1	11,497	3,969	65%
Tier 2	2,869	1,201	58%

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Take Home Points



- Population Health Management strategies can be applied to the prevention, treatment, and care of patients.
- Population Health Models and models of risk stratification can guide the development and implementation of population management strategies.
- Approaches to care that incorporate population health management strategies can impact quality and cost of care.
- New information management technologies can help clinicians integrate population health management into their clinical work flow.

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