# HSCRC Update on Maryland's Health Care Transformation

March 2017



### Background: Maryland's All-Payer Model

- ▶ Since 1977, Maryland has had an all-payer hospital ratesetting system
- In 2014, Maryland updated its approach through the All-Payer Model
  - 5-year state innovation between Maryland & federal government (2014 through 2018) focused on hospital payment transformation
  - Each hospital receives fixed Global Budget Revenue (GBR)
    - Shifts from volume to value-based payments
    - Greater focus on patients and working with providers across the care continuum

### Core Approach—Person-Centered Care Tailored Based on Needs

Utilizing EHRs, analytics, health information exchange, and care coordination resources to improve care and health.

Address modifiable risks and integrate and coordinate care, develop advanced patient-centered medical homes, primary care disease management, public health, and social service supports, and integrated specialty care

High need/ complex

> Chronically ill but at high risk to be high need

Chronically ill but under control

**Healthy** 



Care plans, support services, case management, new models, and other interventions for individuals with significant demands on health care resources (e.g., HCIP, CCIP)



Promote and maintain health (e.g., Maryland **Primary Care** Model)

## Success To Date in Maryland's All-Payer Model (2014-2018)

Performance Measures	Target	2016YTD Results
All-payer hospital revenue growth	≤3.58% per capita annually	0.35% per capita in 2016 thru Sept
Cumulative Medicare savings in hospital spending	>\$330 million by Dec 2018	\$429 million cumulative
Medicare savings in total cost of care	<pre>&lt; national growth rate</pre>	I.63% below national average growth
Reductions in hospital-acquired conditions	30% reduction by Dec 2018	49% reduction
Hospital readmissions for Medicare	To national average by Dec 2018	71% reduction in gap above nation
Hospital revenue to global or population-based	≥80% by Dec 2018	96%

### Transformation Under the All-Payer Model

- Delivery systems, payers, and regional partnerships organizing and transforming
- In 2015, HSCRC awarded grants to support the planning and development of 8 Regional Partnerships for health system transformation
  - Focused on developing care coordination and population health priorities, determining what resources are needed and available, and determining how resources and strategies should be deployed
- ▶ In 2016, HSCRC awarded **Transformation** Implementation grants to 10 regional partnerships and 4 single hospitals
  - Inter-hospital partnerships focus on region-specific health challenges to promote care coordination across settings
  - Single-hospital grantees working outside hospital walls to improve care

### Care Redesign Amendment

- Developed in response to stakeholders' requests for greater alignment strategies and transformation tools
- Allows hospitals to implement Maryland-designed Care Redesign Programs with hospital-based and community-based care partners (e.g. physicians, nursing homes, etc.)
  - Access to comprehensive Medicare data
  - Approvals for hospitals to share resources and pay incentives to their care partners
  - Support for providers under MACRA
  - Flexibility to add/modify/delete care redesign programs

## Care Redesign Amendment: Two Initial Programs to Start in 2017

- Two initial care redesign programs aim to align hospitals and other providers
- Voluntary participation

## Hospital Care Improvement Program (HCIP)

- Designed for hospitals and providers practicing at hospitals
- Focus on efficient episodes of care
- **Goal**: Facilitate improvements in hospital care that result in care improvements and efficiency

## Complex and Chronic Care Improvement Program (CCIP)

- Designed for hospitals and community providers and practitioners
- Focus on complex and chronic patients
- Goal: Enhance care management and care coordination

### Second Term Proposal (2019+): "Progression Plan" Key Strategies

- Foster accountability for care and health outcomes by supporting providers as they organize to take responsibility for groups of patients/a population in a geographic area.
- Align measures and incentives for all providers to work together, along with payers and health care consumers, on achieving common goals,
- **Encourage and develop payment and delivery** III. system transformation to drive coordinated efforts and system-wide goals.
- IV. Ensure availability of tools to support all types of providers in achieving transformation goals.
- Devote resources to increasing consumer engagement for consumer-driven and person-centered approaches.

### "Progression Plan" Highlights

- Build on global hospital revenue model with value-based incentives
- Continue transformation to focus on complex and chronic care, episodes
- Begin implementing a Comprehensive Primary Care Model in 2018, increasing focus on prevention and chronic care
- Payment and delivery alignment beyond hospitals
  - MACRA bonus-eligible programs
- Increasing responsibility for system-wide costs/goals
  - Dual Eligibles ACO
  - Geographic Incentive Model

### Maryland's Planned Progression-Synergistic Models

#### Person-Centered Care Tailored to Needs

### Hospital Global Model





**Focus:** Complex and high needs patients

#### Tools



Risk stratification

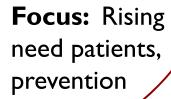
Complex and high needs case management/interventions

Care coordination

Medication reconciliation

Chronic care management

# Comprehensive Primary Care Model



Goal: Improve Outcomes, Reduce Avoidable Utilization

Thank you for the opportunity to work together to improve care for Marylanders!

Questions?

